



# QUESTIONNAIRE: QUELLE EST LA CONDITION DE CHAIR DE VOTRE CHEVAL?

1. Côtes
  - a. Il faut appuyer très fort pour les sentir 5 pts
  - b. Pas visibles mais facilement palpables 3 pts
  - c. Vous les voyez 1 pt
  
2. Epaules
  - a. Bon coussinet de gras derrière les épaules fait qu'il n'y a pas de démarcation entre les épaules et les côtes 5 pts
  - b. Epaules arrondies se fondant naturellement avec le reste du corps 3 pts
  - c. Structure osseuse facilement visible et peu/pas de gras 1 pt
  
3. Dos
  - a. Sillon dorsal marqué 5 pts
  - b. Dos droit, pas de sillon 3 pts
  - c. Colonne vertébrale visible (dos en pente) 1 pt
  
4. Base de la queue
  - a. Gras au niveau de la base de la queue forme une bosse 5 pts
  - b. On peut sentir du gras de par et d'autre mais pas de bosse 3 pts
  - c. Pas de gras, la base de la queue est proéminente 1 pt
  
5. Garrot
  - a. Bon coussinet de gras de part et d'autre du garrot 5 pts
  - b. Garrot arrondi mais pas recouvert de gras 3 pts
  - c. Structure osseuse visible, garrot proéminent 1 pt
  
6. Cou
  - a. Saucisson de gras le long de la crête de l'encolure 5 pts
  - b. Cou lisse, à niveau 3 pts
  - c. Structure osseuse visible 1 pt

Faire le total et diviser ce chiffre par 3. Le chiffre obtenu correspond au score approximatif de condition de chair de votre cheval. Se référer à la charte de Henneke.

Entre 1 et 3 votre cheval a besoin d'engraisser.  
Entre 8 et 10 votre cheval doit absolument perdre du poids!

Consulter votre vétérinaire pour vous aider à atteindre le poids optimum de votre cheval.





# QUESTIONNAIRE: WHAT IS YOUR HORSE'S BODY CONDITION?

1. Ribs
  - a. You have to dig to find them 5 pts
  - b. They're not visible but you can easily feel them 3 pts
  - c. You can see them 1 pt
  
2. Shoulders
  - a. A thick "loaf" of fat behind his shoulders blends them flush with your horse's ribcage 5 pts
  - b. His shoulders are rounded and blend smoothly with the rest of his body 3 pts
  - c. Bone structure of shoulders is easily visible with no fat covering 1 pt
  
3. Back
  - a. There's a prominent crease along his back 5 pts
  - b. His back is level with no crease or ridge 3 pts
  - c. There's a ridge along his back 1 pt
  
4. Tailhead
  - a. His tailhead is surrounded by bulging fat 5 pts
  - b. Fat can be felt around his tailhead but no visible bulge 3 pts
  - c. The tailhead bone is prominent 1 pt
  
5. Withers
  - a. There's a sofa-like cushion of fat on both sides of his withers 5 pts
  - b. His withers are slightly rounded but not buried in fat 3 pts
  - c. The bone structure of his withers is prominent 1 pt
  
6. Neck
  - a. There's a doughy loaf of fat along the crest of his neck 5 pts
  - b. His neck is smooth 3 pts
  - c. The bone structure of his neck is visible 1 pt

Add your total and divide this number by 3. The number obtained is your horse's approximate body condition score. Refer to Henneke's Body Condition Chart.

Between 1 and 3 your horse needs to gain weight.  
Between 8 and 10 your horse needs to shed some serious pounds!!

Contact your veterinarian to help your horse achieve his optimum condition.

